

BIOTEX →



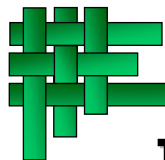
**Biotechnology: a tool to develop high
quality, innovative, functional and
eco-sustainable textiles**

Francesca Isella

Stazione Sperimentale per la Seta

Stazione Sperimentale
per la Seta





Industrial Biotechnology

⇒ use of biological systems, living organism and their derivatives (enzymes) in industrial processes

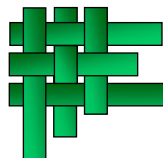
Enzymes

⇒ biological catalysts used in place of chemical agents

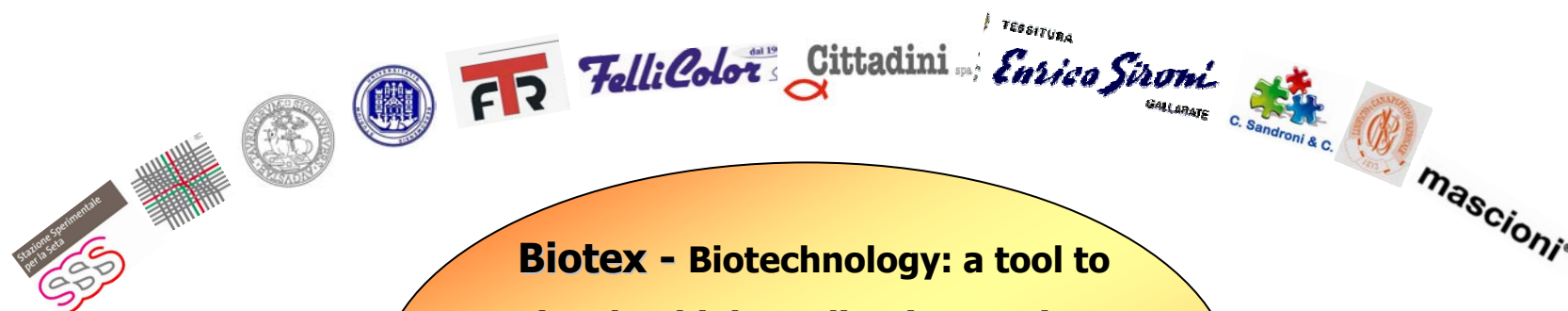
(biodegradable molecules, zero environmental impact, less problem regards effluents and emissions, increased product quality/safer processing conditions)

Why

- ⇒ Same or better product quality
- ⇒ Costs reduction (estimated from 10 to 30% less)
- ⇒ Low environmental impact
- ⇒ Observance of law restriction (health, safety, environment protection)
- ⇒ Added value to MADE in ITALY brands



The BIOTEX Project



**Biotex - Biotechnology: a tool to
develop high quality, innovative,
functional and eco-sustainable
textiles**

ID 4052 - MD 2007

R&D:

Stazione Sperimentale per la Seta
Centro Tessile Cotoniero e Abbigliamento S.p.A
Università Bergamo, Dip. Ing. Ind.
Univeristà Torino, Dip. Biologia Veg.

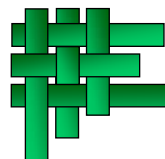


Regione Lombardia

IND:

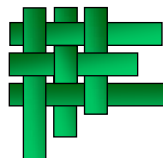
F.T.R. Forniture Tessili Riunite
S.p.A.
Felli Color S.p.A.
Cittadini S.p.A.
C. Sandroni e C. S.r.L.
Tessitura Enrico Sironi S.a.S.
Mascioni S.p.A.
Linificio Canapificio Nazionale
S.p.A.



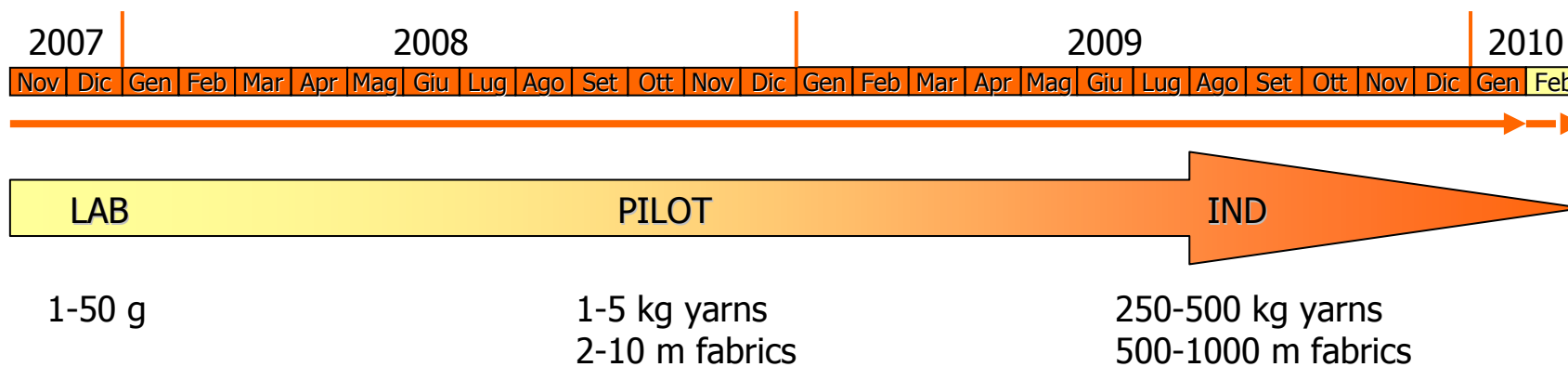


Main objectives

- ❖ Innovation of traditional textile manufacturing cycle (wet treatments)
- ❖ Improving functional and aesthetic properties of textile goods
- ❖ Creation of new qualitative standards
- ❖ Widening market opportunities (innovative products for new markets)
- ❖ Addressing the choice (life-style) and improving the customer/consumer satisfaction
- ❖ Optimizing energetic efficiency, safety and environmental sustainability of processes (BAT, REACH, EU Water Framework Directive)
- ❖ Encouraging company competitiveness (process and product innovation, stabilizing/increasing employment, sustaining inter-sectorial networking)
- ❖ Training of new and highly qualified/skilled textile experts



Biotex: project timetable



Project was divided into three main actions:

Action 1:

Biocatalytic processes

Action 2:

Bioactive textiles

Action 3:

Biosorption

Oral presentation A09

G.C. Varese - *Scale-up of biosorption process for the textile wastewaters treatment using a selected fungal biomass*

Action 1: Biocatalytic processes

Implementation of enzymatic processes into the manufacturing textile cycle

- a. Cotton/flax bioscouring
- b. Chemo-enzymatic bleaching
- c. Biopolishing and biofinishing of natural and synthetic fibres
- d. Bio-functionalisation of cellulosic fibres.

Enzymes:

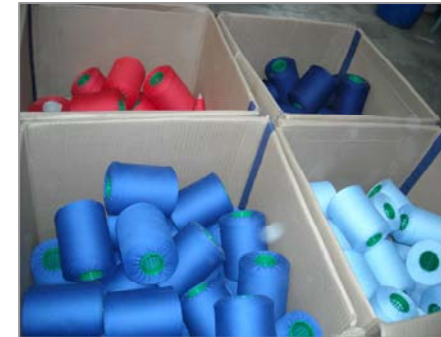
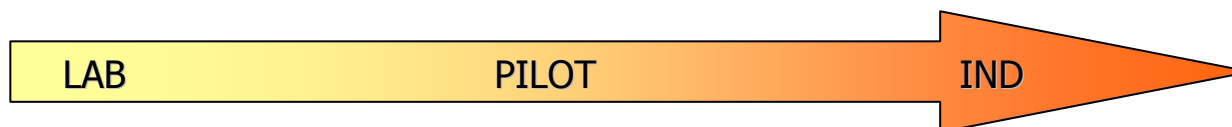
pectinase – cellulase – xylanase – cutinase – laccase – mix ...

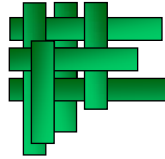
a. Bioscouring of cotton yarns

Most SIGNIFICANT PARAMETERS investigated:

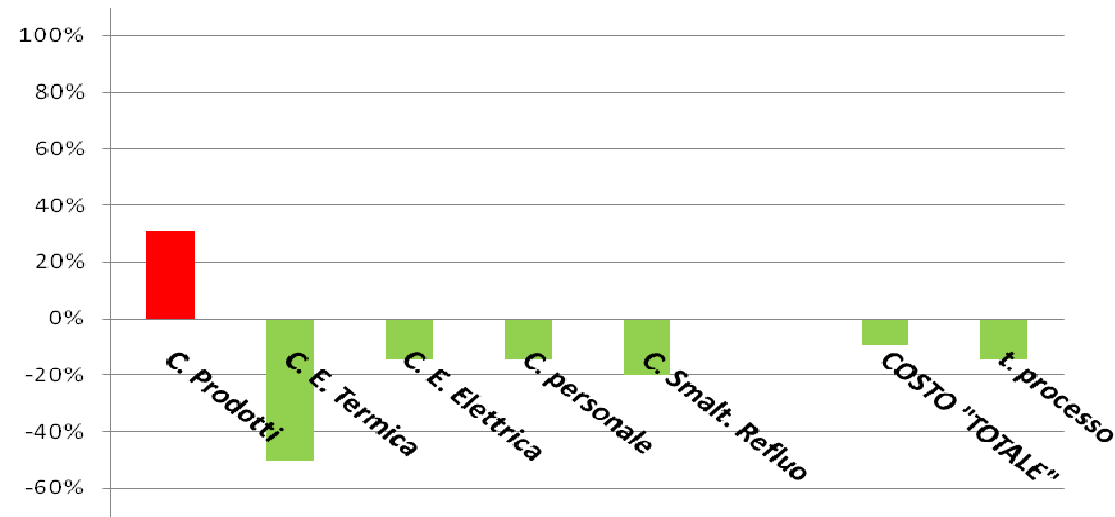
- Properties of starting material (cotton yarn)
- Enzyme concentration (pectinase and cutinase) and enzyme mix (one formulation, possible synergies)
- Integration of processing steps
- Reaction temperature and time (enzyme optimum conditions)
- Wash out after enzymatic treatment and drying technology

The enzymatic process has been developed up to the industrial scale, including analysis of economical and environmental impact





a. Bioscouring of cotton yarns

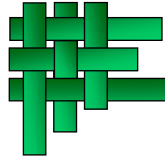


EVALUATION of ECONOMIC IMPACT of enzymatic process:

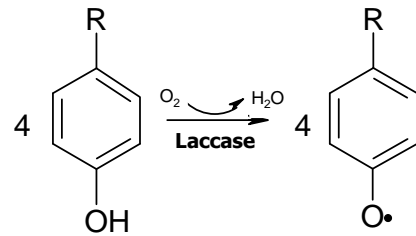
Costs and time reduction: from 9 to 15% → competitive and advantageous

(-50% methane consumption; -15 % energy consumption and staff cost; -20% wastewater purification cost; -30-35% COD)

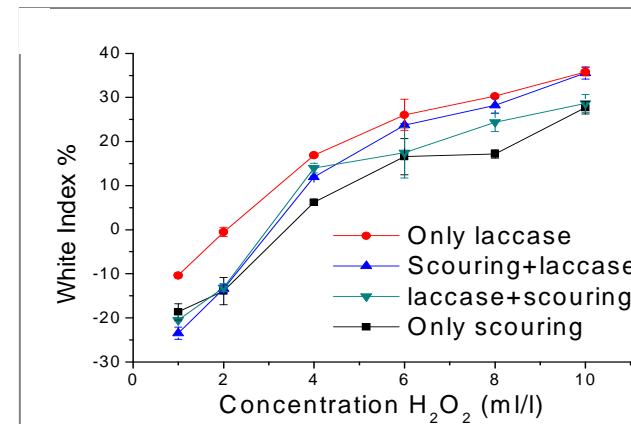
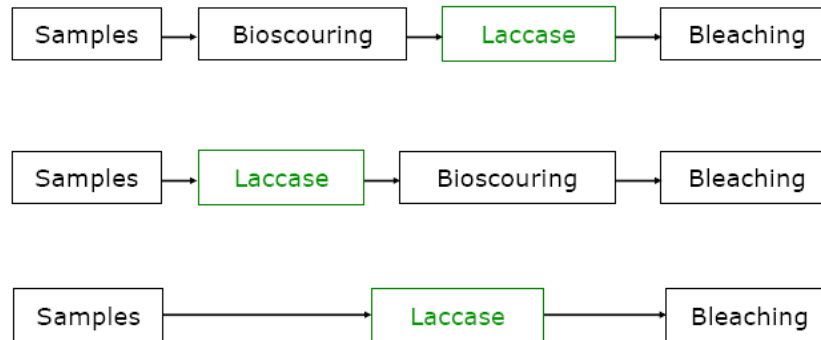
⇒ Improvements due to a shorter working cycle and to less use of chemicals



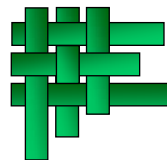
b. Chemo-enzymatic bleaching of flax



Laccases effects on cellulosic fibres
→ oxidizing lignin

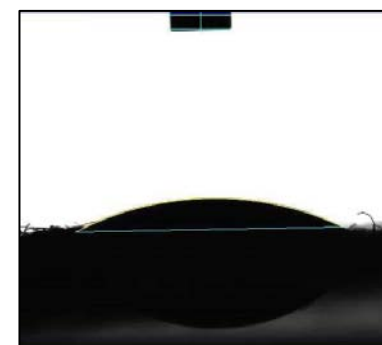
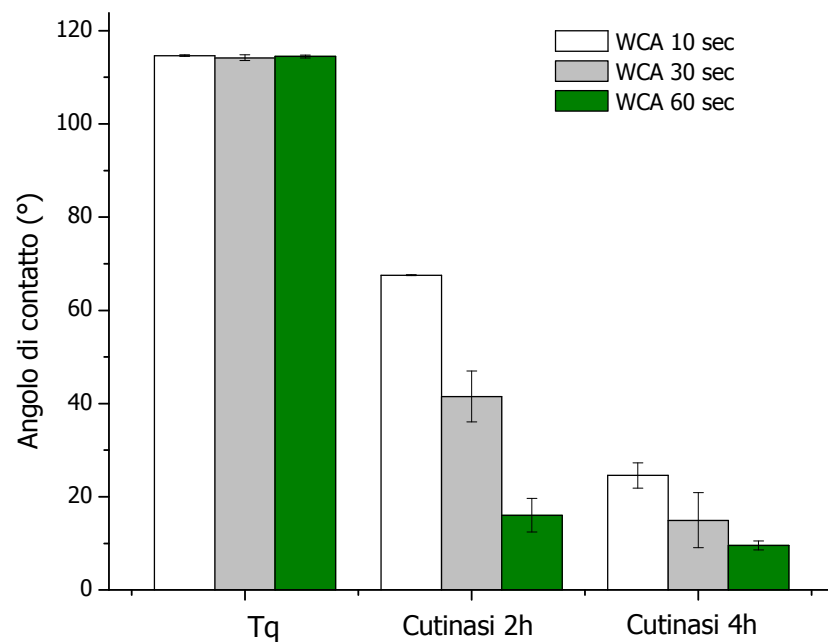


- Laccase pre-treatment could aid bleaching process
- Possibility to reduce the environmental impact (lower amounts of H₂O₂)



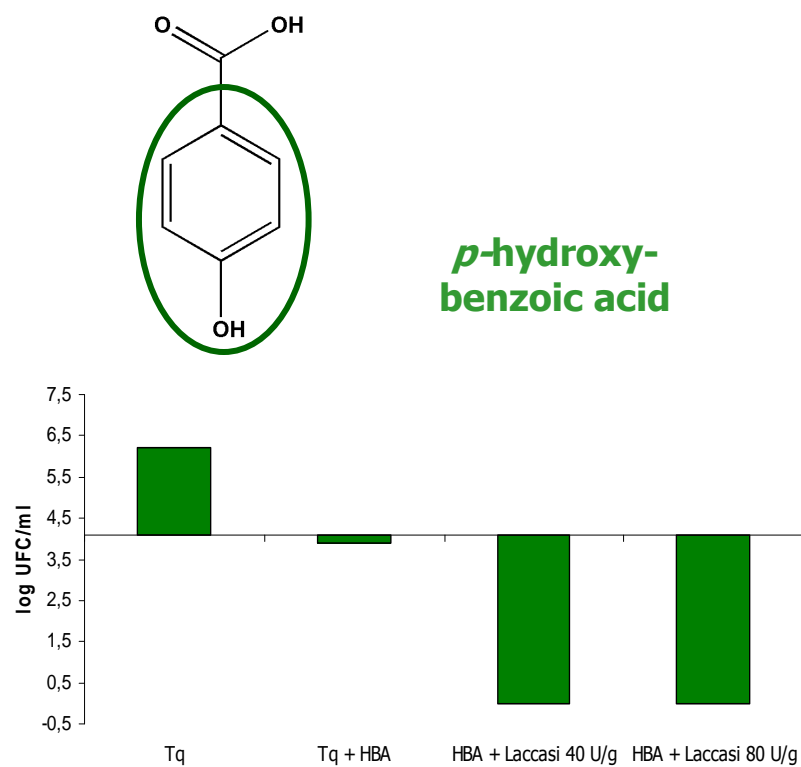
c. Biopolyshing and biofinishing of natural and synthetic fibres

Polyester \Rightarrow Inert surface \Rightarrow Cutinase

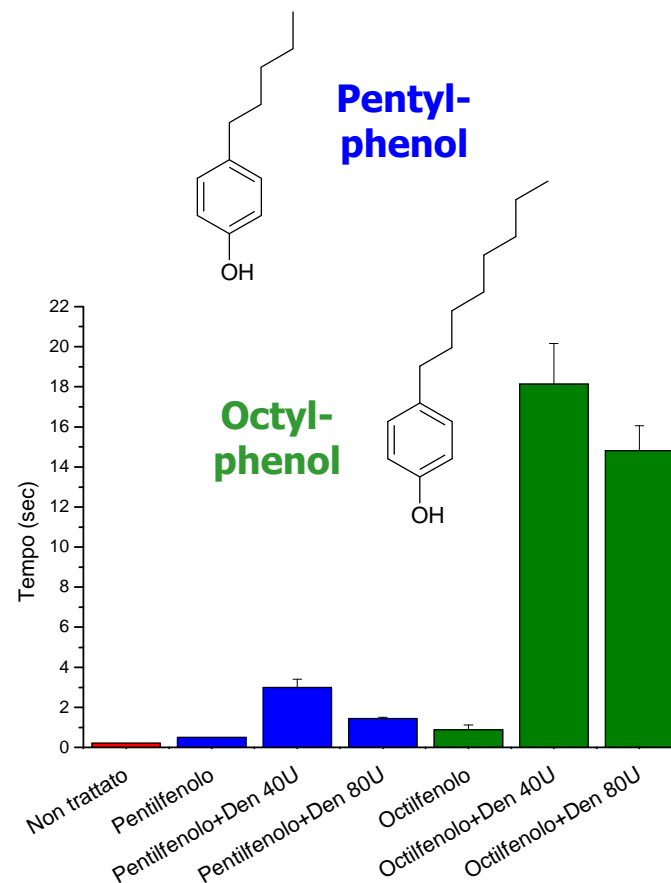


Polyamide \Rightarrow Protease (work in progress)

d. Biofunctionalization of cellulosic fibres



Antibacterial flax



Hydrophobic flax

Action 2: Bioactive textiles

Development of bioactive textiles.

- Antifouling properties textiles;
- Protective clothes (bioprotection);
- Filtrating textile devices (biofiltration);
- New approaches to biotraceability

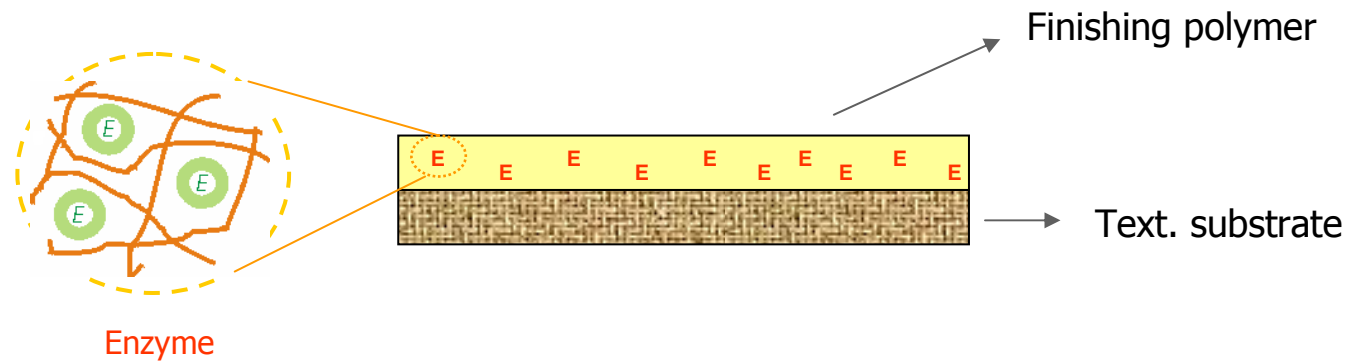
Enzymes:

- protease
- organophosphorous hydrolase
- catalase

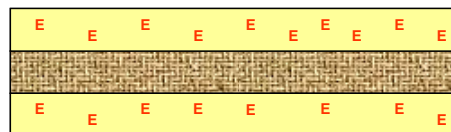


Most SIGNIFICANT PARAMETERS investigated:

- **Enzyme activity** → depending on different applications;
- **Carrier** → enzymatic entrapment → verifying activity and stability;
- **Textile substrate** → depending on different applications;
- **Application technology** → already existent in textile field (coating, spraying, padding, etc.)

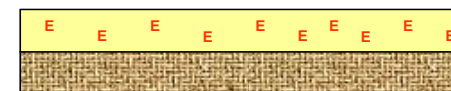


Double layer



Different ways for immobilizing

Single layer

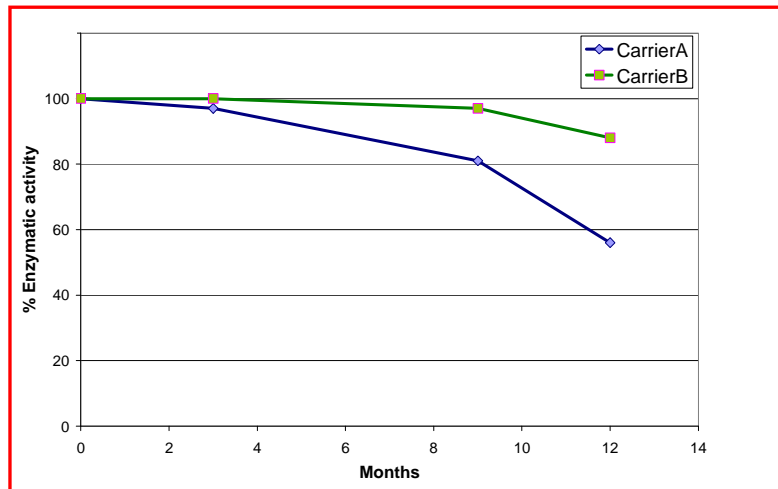


Study of stability of bioactive devices

Enzyme stability \Rightarrow one of the most important functional parameter.
 Depending from: textile substrates, immobilizing agents, treatments conditions.

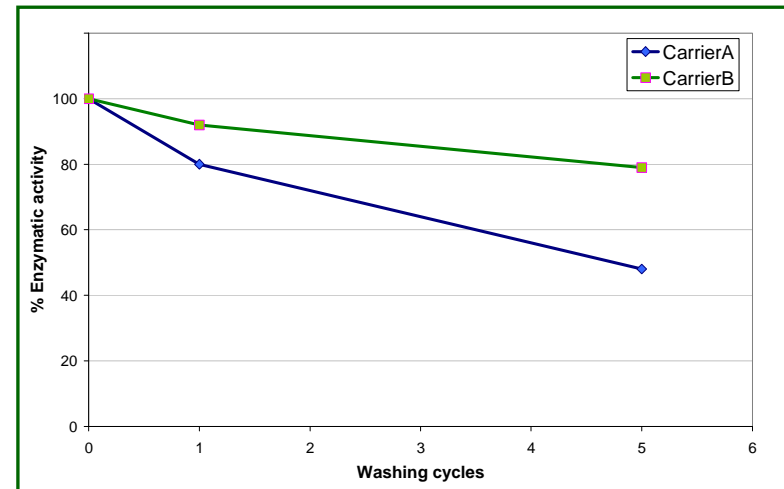
Enzymatic activity stabilization: SHELF LIFE

\Rightarrow Optimum up to 12 months



Enzymatic activity stabilization: OPERATIVE CONDITIONS

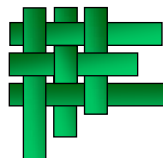
\Rightarrow Washing resistance to be improved



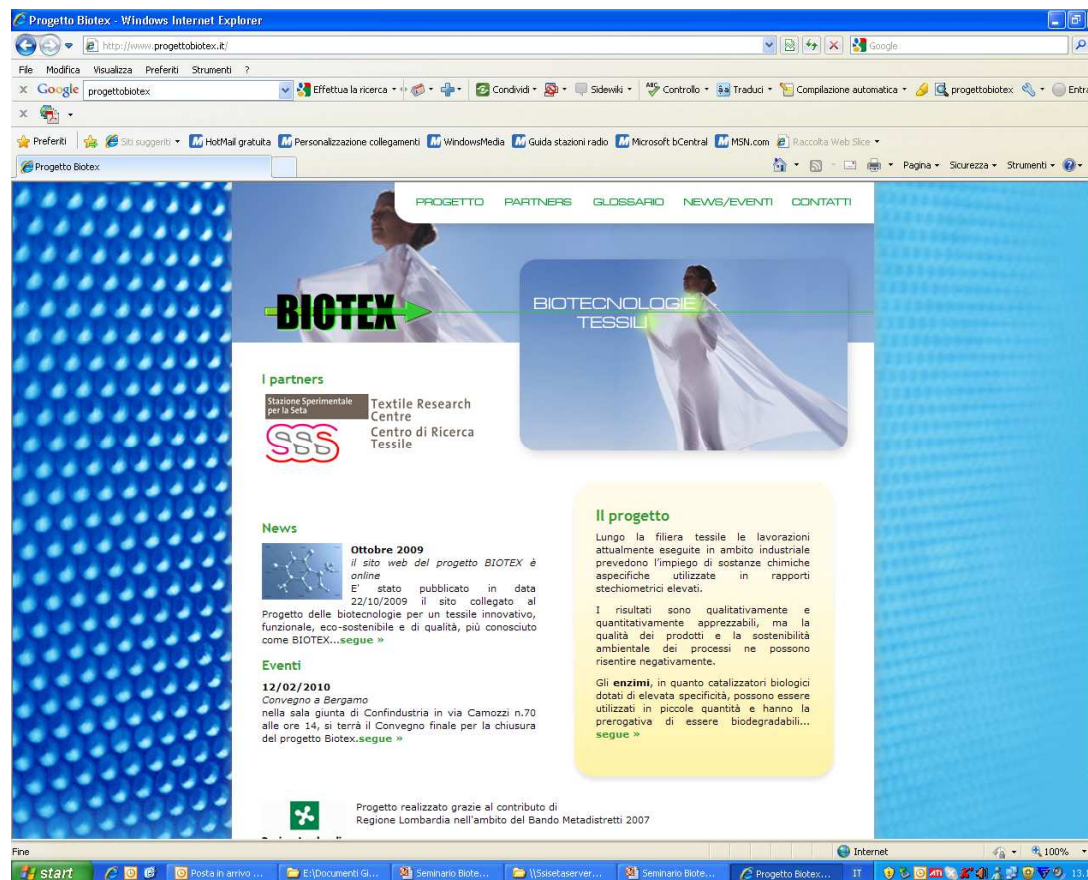
Conclusions

MAIN PROJECT ACHIEVEMENTS:

- ⇒ **Bioprocesses developed up to industrial scale** (bioscouring, biofinishing);
- ⇒ **Bioprocesses developed up to pilot scale** (bioprocessing of synthetics, bioactive textiles, biotraceability);
- ⇒ **Bioprocesses studied at lab scale** (biobleaching, biofunctionalisation);
- ⇒ **Patents**: 4 submitted;
- ⇒ **Training-education**: 1 bachelor's degree, 5 Master's degree, 1 Doctorate degree;
- ⇒ **New projects submitted** (Green Made) and financed (BioIn Nano)



Web site: www.progettobiotex.it



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